

14 items to discover

IN QUIRÓS ETNOGRAPHIC MUSEUM (MEQ)



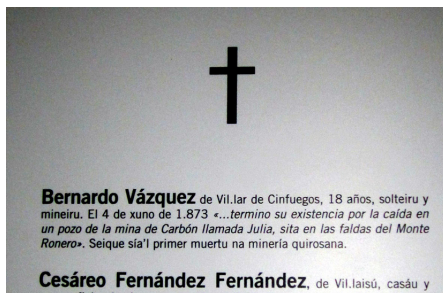
FROM THE INDUSTRIAL SPACE TO THE SCHOOL



1. THE MINER HELMET

It belonged to Juan Condado, from the quirosan village of Llanuces/*Chanuces*, who, apart from being miner, was a bagpiper. It is made by the enterprise Adaro Gijón.

We encourage you to search all these details. .



2. THE FALLEN MINERS

As you have seen, the miner activity in Quirós started in the second part of the XIX century. Lots of miners lost their lives. The first documented references are from 1873.

We pay tribute to this fallen workers.



3. EL XEBATO

Element made of interwoven hazelnut sticks.

It has a lot of uses. For example: in the house, as walls or drying sheds; upon the stable, as a vent or as land or animal closer.

Discover where it is and its uses in the MEQ.



4. THE TREZOS

The use of flexible wood, such as the one coming from the copious hazel tree, improved the fabrication of lots of instruments. In this case, these chains were used to tied the cattle to the manger inside the stable.



5. THE MOLDED MADREÑAS

This group of madreñas are carved directly from the trunk of a tree. The madreñeros made this so as not to carry with all the trunk's weight. In the ends, it has supports whose function is to be moved by two people to get to the animal or to the workshop.



6. THE ESVISADOR

Device whose function was to separate the membrane covering the hazelnut (*carapiel.lo*) from the fruit itself. It is an invention from Manuel García García, neighbour of Bárzana.

MEQ schedule:

- March-June//October -15 December:
 - Saturdays, sundays and holidays: 11:00-14:00 // 15:00-18:00
- July- September:
 - Wednesdays to sundays: 11:00-14:00 // 15:30-19:30





7. THE VANADORA



The poster and you will understand how it worked.

This type of machines were used to process the spelt. This cereal is different from the wheat because the grain is involved inside a pod, whose name is glumas, which does not part after the threshing without the help of special mills.



8. THE MOUSETRAP



We encourage you to find this little handmade mousetrap in the kitchen zone.
Has it worked?



9. THE POUCH

This "bag" or recipient is made of fur. It was used to take the spelt to the mill and to take home the flour.

¿**Have you seen** that almost all the natural resources can be reused?



10. THE FAMILY PHOTO



This can be surprising, but in this picture, no one has their real bodies, except for one person.

We are in front of a photo composition from the start of XX century. It could be the antecedent of Photoshop.



11. THE IDENTITY CARD

This personal documents certified who was this person when someone had to make some process. They had been in order from the second part of XIX century to 1946.



12. THE SALT SHAKER



With cattle horns you can make a lot of things. In this case: take the salt to the animals. **Find** this item and take a look at the inscription. Next to it, you will find other objects made of the same material.



13. THE KEY GAME



The game consists in throwing 10 iron chips between 6 and 9 cm long. The thrown chips, to have value, have to beat any key's sail or the axis. The bounced ones are voided.

14. A HISTORY LESSON



Sometimes, there were not books for students. The teacher taught through this type of illustrations and children came close to history using their imagination.

Contact with the MEQ:

- Telephone: 985 76 80 96 - 658 966 786.
- museodequiros@gmail.com

More info about MEQ:

- www.quiros.es/museo-etnografico
- [@museoetnograficodequiros](https://twitter.com/museoetnograficodequiros)

